

**FROM
NEWCASTLE.
FOR THE
WORLD.**

GLOBAL STUDIES STUDY ABROAD PROGRAMME

2023/2024

The Global Studies Programme offers a chance to explore the interconnected ways in which societies across the globe are changing together, and the power relations that shape these changes.

We offer a globally unique blend of expertise in Geography, Politics and Sociology. Our teaching staff, with over 15 nationalities, are also world leading researchers with expertise covering all the world's continents (even Antarctica!).



YOU WILL STUDY HOW:

- Global institutions use the Sustainable Development Goals to shape economic and political interventions across the world
- War, conflict and climate change lead to movements of displaced peoples across countries
- Social justice needs are changing alongside global cultural norms that influence who we can be and how we can live
- and much more!



Students on the Global Studies Programme will study alongside Newcastle University students and other international students. Every student receives support from a Personal Tutor from within the School.

Information on how to apply can be found at:

www.ncl.ac.uk/studyabroad

Please contact us at:

studyabroad@ncl.ac.uk



SEMESTER 1 MODULES

FALL, SEPTEMBER TO DECEMBER

Choose any three from:

GEO1102: Interconnected World – 10 Credits

This module introduces students to the main principles of human geography. Students will learn to appreciate the distinctiveness of place in relation to social, economic, and political processes, across many scales.

POL1046: Order and Disorder: The Shaping of the 21st Century – 20 Credits

Will the 21st century witness a ‘clash of civilizations’? Or is history leading towards ever-increasing forms of liberal democracy? This module introduces students to key ideas and events of 20th century history. It focuses on those events which have led to the most dramatic changes in politics at the national and international levels.

SOC1027: Comparing Cultures – 20 Credits

This module introduces students to anthropology which is the study of human diversity and sameness. The module explores the varied ways that people across the world live, think and relate to one another. Students will learn about the practice of ethnography, the direct, in-depth study of ways of life, as a way to understand global cultures.

POL2015: International Institutions: Who Governs the Globe? – 20 Credits

Students will develop an understanding of the roles international institutions play in international politics. It will cover the reasons why international institutions are created, how they make decisions, and how they fight global problems such as pandemics and climate change.

POL2082: Political Violence and the Modern State – 20 Credits

Students will explore how we understand political violence. This module explores the links between political violence and the modern state. We will do this through key contemporary empirical examples.

POL2110: Security Studies – 20 Credits

This module explores the approaches scholars take to the study of security. It will consider questions such as: Is security desirable? Is security possible? How are race and empire implicated in security? Is security a gendered concept? Are state and individual security compatible? Through these we will explore security as a contested concept.

GEO3158: Geographies of Sustainable Production and Consumption – 20 Credits

This module explores geographical understandings of commodities, trade, sustainability, and environment-society relationships. It will then develop conceptually rich and empirically detailed accounts of sustainability issues. The focus will be on production and consumption of a wide range of goods and services, including food, energy, clothing, medical equipment, and electronics.

GEO3161: Humanitarianism and Health Inequalities – 20 Credits

Explore the social geographies and spatial practices associated with humanitarianism and health in both theory and practice. The module connects health and humanitarianism problems across scales from the global to the national. As well as this, it focuses on the many different causes of health inequalities.

POL3124: Mexican Politics: Authoritarianism & Democracy – 20 Credits

How did Mexican politics develop from its revolution in 1910 to its authoritarian competitive regime? Students will first learn about the stability of the authoritarian periods. Then, we will explore the democratisation process that involved social movements, economic crisis, an emerging civil society, and political elites.

SOC3047: Critical Approaches to Policing and Security – 20 Credits

Students will explore policing and security from a critical interdisciplinary perspective. It equips students with key theoretical and analytical frameworks to develop a deeper understanding of the main themes in the field. The module also widens understanding of policing beyond official police and security tactics.

GEO2121: Political Geography Semester 1 – 10 Credits

This module aims to give students a thorough grounding in the concepts, practices and disciplinary traditions of political geography. With examples from Central Asia, it explores how territory and sovereignty are inherently linked.

SOC3089: Memory, Identity and Nation-building in Eastern Europe: The View from Anthropology - 20 Credits

The states in eastern Europe have faced fundamental changes with the fall of socialism. Almost forty years after the 'fall of socialism' these processes allow us insights into the very dynamics of social and cultural change – as well as insights into what it means to be eastern European.



SEMESTER 2 MODULES

SPRING, JANUARY TO JUNE

Choose up to three classes from:

GEO1100: Interconnected World – 10 Credits

This module introduces students to the main principles of human geography. Students will learn to appreciate the distinctiveness of place and the way it is remade by social, economic, and political processes. This will bring an understanding of how human geography processes operate at different scales.

POL1032: Key Concepts in International Politics – 20 Credits

Students will examine key concepts in the study of international relations in this module. It explores a selection of issues that define the agenda of contemporary international politics. We use examples from news and current affairs to illustrate how states interact in the contemporary world.

POL2016: Foreign Policy Analysis: Theories and Approaches – 20 Credits

This module will introduce students to Foreign Policy Analysis. FPA is a diverse subject that seeks to explain state behaviour in the international system.

POL2035: Power and Poverty in the Global Economy – 20 Credits

Students are introduced to a political economy approach to study politics. The modules historicises the key components of global capitalism. This helps students explore the economic processes that govern global life.



GEO2122 : Political Geography Semester 2 – 10 Credits

This course aims to give students a thorough grounding in the concepts, practices and disciplinary traditions of political geography. Through studies of geopolitics and citizenships, it shows how global political relations connect to everyday life and the movements of people around the world.

POL3129: Global Justice – 20 Credits

This module assesses normative judgements about what international relations should be like. We explore which developments in international affairs are to be welcomed, and which should be resisted?

GEO3103: Geographies of Money – 20 Credits

This module will explore the financialisation of contemporary life. We will learn about the complex relationships between money and production. Finally, we consider how money shapes circulation and consumption of goods.

SOC3045: Regulating Sexuality - 20 Credits

Students will analyse social, legal, and scientific control and regulation of sexual norms. This is done through detailing historical and contemporary sites of cultural and political struggle over sexual practice and identity. The module explores the social, political, cultural, and economic contexts to changes in forms of regulation.

Classes are subject to change.